

82 Imports Barred During Period of War

Trade Officials Announce Restrictions Affecting Many Commodities

Means Saving of 1,500,000 Tons

Metals, Foodstuffs and Luxuries Purchasable Here Denied Entrance

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The first list of imports to be prohibited into this country to conserve tonnage for prosecuting the war was made public to-night by the War Trade Board, under authority of President Wilson's proclamation of February 4, which put all imports under license.

By denying permits for the importation of certain metals, foodstuffs and luxuries, which can be obtained here or can be sacrificed to the greater need of putting ships into war business, the board expects to add 1,500,000 deadweight tons to the fleet carrying men and munitions to Europe. To-night's list of eighty-two articles or classes of articles constitutes only those least essential, concerning which there was little argument. Lists to follow will touch various interests more closely, and will not be issued until after consultation with the trades affected, so there will be a minimum of disorganization and loss.

Allies' Advice Taken
The experience of the Allies has been utilized in devising the system of restrictions. Pyrites constitute the largest single item on the list, contributing 207,000 to the total tonnage. Only those foodstuffs were listed which can be dispensed with, and in many cases retained more advantageously in the country of origin, obviating a further drain upon tonnage to transport substitutes.

Breadstuffs, except wheat and wheat flour; all fruits except bananas and pineapples; all nuts and all vegetables, except lentils, beans and peas, are on the list. Luxuries which the public must forego include jewelry, art works, dice, billiard balls, poker chips, musical instruments, perfumery and feathers.

Prohibition on the importation of articles listed is not absolute, even for sea-borne traffic, owing to certain conditions of commerce which will permit importation at times without hindrance to the war program. Return cargoes from Europe may bring prohibited articles, provided they can be loaded expeditiously and there is cargo space. Prohibited articles also can be imported by rail from Canada or Mexico when originating in those countries or in others where such goods are being licensed for import.

Effective After April 15
The restrictions are not effective on goods shipped prior to April 15. United States consuls have been instructed not to issue consular invoices on and after April 15 for the articles mentioned in the list, without first being furnished with the number of the import license or being given other evidence of the issuance of such license. The obligation of furnishing proof is placed on the importer.

In discussing the list, officials stressed the fact that it was aimed at no country, but touched all alike which export any of these articles to America.

Some of the prohibitions will scarcely be noticed by any one in this country, as they affect imports of which only small percentages come from overseas. One per cent of the imported agricultural implements come in ships, it was pointed out, and the prohibition will mean little or nothing to the consuming public, but will save an appreciable amount of shipping space. Many of the prohibited articles are of bulky nature compared with their absolute weight, so that the conservation actually will be greater than the figures indicate. The elimination of

many long hauls also will serve to increase tonnage facilities.

Following is the list of restricted imports:
Agricultural implements, animals, live, except for breeding purposes; art works, as bronzes, beads and ornaments, blacking, and shoes; manufactures of bone and horn, all breadstuffs, except wheat and wheat flour, including imports from Europe; broom corn, candlenuts, palm, and other vegetables; all acids, muriatic of ammonia, alcohol tar distillates, except synthetic indigo; fuel oil or any other oil and products thereof; cocoa and chocolate, prepared or manufactured.

Manufactures of cotton, rayon, except not to exceed 2,000 long tons for the year 1918; dials, dice, draughts, chessmen, billiard balls, poker chips, eggs of poultry, electric powder, feathers, natural and artificial; ornamental salts, manufactures of vegetable fibres and textile grasses, except jute, fish hooks, rods and reels, artificial bait, fuzes, all fruits, except pineapples, and bananas; all nuts, except coconut and products thereof; pelatine and manufactures thereof, including all from Europe; gold and silver manufactures, including jewelry; sulphur oil or olive leaf, grease, hay, honey, hops, mineral and bituminous earths and trillol, mantles for gas burners and matches, traction and luster.

Meats Are Included
Fresh meats, merschaum, crude or manufactured; musical instruments and parts thereof; nickel, osaka, nickel and nickel alloys, all expressed vegetable oils, from Europe only, lemon oil, non-mineral paints and varnishes, wood or non-wood; candles, Penholders and pens, perfumery, cosmetics and toilet preparations, phonographs, gramophones, scaptothones, any parts thereof, photographic goods, pipes and smokers' articles, plants, trees, shrubs and vines, slate, electrolytic electrolyte and lithographic, engraved, plumbago or graphite (until July 1, 1918, thereafter not exceeding 5,000 long tons for remainder of 1918); pyrites (except not exceeding 12,000 long tons to October 1, 1918); remotes, artificial silk and manufactures thereof, soap, multi-layers, including all from Europe; wines, liquors, including all from Europe; canned and confectionery, including all from Europe; tar and pitch of wood, toys, umbrellas, parasols, sunshades and sticks for bears and lenticles, from Europe only; dried peas, either in their natural state or prepared or preserved, including all from Europe; vinegar, whalebone, unmanufactured, manufactures of wool, manufactures of hair of camel, goat and alpaca, and zinc.

Women's Battalion Formed by Turkey

GENEVA, March 20.—Elaborate regulations are being drawn up for control of the battalion of young Turkish women which the Turkish War Office, breaking all precedents in that country, recently decided to organize. A Constantinople dispatch says the War Ministry is prescribing minute measures to prevent the battalion from coming into contact with the soldiers.

All the officers of the battalion will be women. It will perform work behind the lines.

A Wolf Bureau dispatch from Constantinople, published in German newspapers received here, says the Ottoman Association for Women's Service has published an appeal to all Turkish women between the ages of eighteen and thirty to enroll in the women's battalion.

The "Vakit" points out that Turkish women, having already been admitted to the field of commerce, to public offices and to other branches of the state service, are now enabled to enter the army.

Their organization, to be known as the "First Workingwomen's Battalion," will work eight hours daily behind the front.

Two Spanish Vessels Sunk by Submarines

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The sinking of two Spanish vessels, the steamship Arpillao and the ship Begonia, by German submarines was reported today in official dispatches from Barcelona.

The Begonia was attacked while on her way to Piraeus. The Arpillao was sunk off the Canary Islands.

Big Spanish Liner Halted by U-Boat

CADIZ, Spain, March 21.—The Spanish transatlantic liner Montevideo, which sailed for New York Monday, was held up by a German submarine Tuesday and forced to return here.

After firing a warning shot, the submarine came alongside the liner and made the captain promise not to use the wireless. The captain was then taken aboard the submarine where he was detained while German sailors searched the Montevideo.

Plan to Transfer War Industries to West and South

Government Bureaus Consider Change in Distribution of Contracts

Congestion in East

Factories Working Overtime, While in Other Sections Labor Is Idle

WASHINGTON, March 22.—An extensive survey of the location of war industries, now being made by the War Industries Board and several other government departments, may result shortly in the transfer of many government contracts from the industrially congested East to the West and South, where factories are working under less pressure, labor is not quite so scarce and railroad transportation conditions are better.

The many ramifications of the subject have recently been discussed. It was learned to-day, among representatives of the War Industries Board, Railroad Administration, Treasury, Shipping Board and the Labor Department.

The necessity for an early decision is emphasized by the fact that hundreds of contracts placed last summer from the United States entered into a gradual shifting of the industrial burden to their regions.

Officials who have studied the subject scientifically believe that the East is overcrowded, but point out a multitude of reasons why there can be no wholesale transfer of contracts to manufacturing districts of the West. The process must be very slow, they say, and will be developed by the placing of single contracts outside of the East wherever conditions warrant.

The Railroad Administration's interest grows out of the serious traffic problem with which it has been confronted from the Pittsburgh manufacturing district eastward. Director General McAdoo has told members of Congress that some of the traffic load must be taken off Eastern carriers, both by re-routing of export traffic through Southern ports and by positive efforts to place contracts with due consideration to the transportation factor.

The intention of President Wilson and Secretary McAdoo has been attracted to the situation by Western Senators and Representatives, who complain that while factories in the East are working two and three shifts of employees daily, industries in the interior in many cases have worked part time or have shut down temporarily.

U. S. Buys Russian Ships, Tokio Hears

LONDON, March 22.—A dispatch to "The Daily Mail" from Tokio, dated Tuesday, says:
"The newspaper 'Kokumin Shimbu' announces that Admiral Austin M. Knight, commander of the United States Asiatic fleet, has purchased all the shipping on the Russian coast. This totals 650,000 tons. Admiral Knight is now at Vladivostok."

Colonel Barker Wins Cross for Gallantry

(By The Associated Press)
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 22.—Colonel John W. Barker, whose home is in New York State, has been awarded the French war cross for gallantry in action on the sector east of Lunville.

France Gives Another Medal to Anne Morgan

American Woman Decorated for Reconstruction Work on the Aisne

Miss Anne Morgan has been awarded another medal by the French government in recognition of her service for reconstruction at Bierancourt, on the Aisne. Yesterday a cable was received telling that Miss Morgan had been awarded a silver decoration by Victor Boret, Minister of Provisions and Agriculture. A similar decoration was awarded to Mrs. A. M. Dike, who is in charge of the reconstruction work during Miss Morgan's absence in this country, and a diploma of honor was given to the entire staff of the American Committee of Devastated France.

Sixty villages have been awarded to the committee for the 1918 work, and the American Red Cross has also asked Miss Morgan to establish at Audincourt an experimental station for livestock and agriculture.

Miss Morgan's return to France has been delayed by internal dissensions in the committee, but she expects to sail soon. She has six "farmettes," who have responded to her call for American college girls to till the devastated fields of France.

McAdoo to Give Third War Loan Details Monday

Bankers Have Urged \$5,000,000,000 Issue at 4 1/2 Per Cent Interest

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Conditions of the third Liberty Loan will be made public Monday by Secretary McAdoo in the form of recommendations to Congress on the size, interest rate and other features which will require legislation.

After conferring all day with governors of Federal Reserve banks and chairmen of Liberty Loan campaign committees the Secretary announced he would meet Chairman Kitchen of the House Ways and Means Committee tomorrow and would make his decision afterward. Some of the bankers and business men participating in the conference to-day advocated a loan of \$5,000,000,000 or less at 4 1/2 per cent, but the Secretary did not disclose his opinion definitely.

Mr. McAdoo told the conference that there is every cause for optimism concerning the outcome of the war despite the situation in Russia, and that he felt sure the third Liberty Loan would be a big success regardless of the amount or interest rate.

Senate Asks Reason For Casualty Rules

Demand Is Made That Soldiers' Addresses Be Published

WASHINGTON, March 22.—A resolution introduced by Senator New of Indiana, asking the War Department to advise the Senate as to its reasons for not making public the addresses of American soldiers killed and wounded abroad, was adopted to-day by the Senate.

Boys' Suits at \$13

most remarkably priced
Extra Knickers included. Exclusive Saks models, developed in fabrics selected because of their unusual wearing qualities. Sizes 7 to 18.

Boys' School Suits Special at \$11

Extra Knickers included. Smart fancy mixture suits, tailored for service by craftsmen who are specialists in fine clothes for boys. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Boys' Trench and Navy Coats, Saturday Special at \$5.75

Remarkable values. Tailored in a variety of novelty overcoatings and All-Wool Navy Blue Serge. Sizes 2 1/2 to 8 years.

150 Beaded Bags Special at \$29.50

Beautiful imported bags in a variety of most exquisite designs, beaded in rich, soft colorings to blend with the new gowns. At \$29.50 they cannot be duplicated anywhere in the city. One illustrated.

Two Priests Executed As Spies in Brussels

LONDON, March 22.—The execution in Brussels of two Roman Catholic priests on the charge of espionage is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam.

For years Major Morahit was perhaps the most famous name of the German military writers. While thoroughly German in his point of view, he was more moderate in tone than virulent writers of the type of Count von Reventlow, and less inclined than most German military critics to follow the teachings of the War Office propaganda bureau. He did not hesitate at times to praise the Allied armies for effective work.

In 1916 he went from the "Tageblatt" to the "Deutsche Tageszeitung." In writing a review of the first year of the war for The Associated Press he predicted the disintegration of the Russian army.

Eight Others Imprisoned for Life, Says Amsterdam Dispatch

LONDON, March 22.—The execution in Brussels of two Roman Catholic priests on the charge of espionage is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam.

Eight other priests, the dispatch says, have been sentenced to imprisonment, at hard labor, for life at Brussels on the charge of espionage.

Broadway at 34th St.

Saks & Company

'Phone Greeley 2626

Important Presentation of Women's Spring Suits Special at \$33



In assembling these charming suits we have not overlooked anyone. If you lean toward the strictly tailored suit, the more dressy models, or the sports suit you will find it in this collection.

The styles are youthful, and decidedly individual, and the tailoring of each suit is of a very high standard throughout.

A few of the materials:

Tricotine, Poirer Twill, Men's Wear Serge, Silvertone, Hair-line suitings, Checks, Oxfords, Taffeta Silk, Heather Mixtures.

Sizes 34 to 44 and in some models to 50 1/2. Fourth Floor.

Easter Apparel for Girls and Juniors

will be found in a splendid array of new fashions at Saks. We shall feature today:

Silk Frocks for Girls at \$12.95

Winsome, girlish models, developed in lustrous Taffeta, showing double or triple tier skirt and crushed girdle. Also a very youthful Eton model in natural Pongee, collar and vest embroidered in two-tone effect. Sizes 10 to 16 years.

Smart Coats for Girls and Juniors at \$15

Stunning belted styles in sports and military effects. Beautifully tailored in Velour, Delhi, Burella, Fine Serges, Novelty and Shepherd Checks. All Spring shades. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

Smart Suits for Boys Remarkable Values at \$16.75



Extra Knickers with each suit. The styles are in new Norfolk effects, skillfully tailored in a wide range of richly colored serviceable woollens. Sizes 10 to 18.

Boys' Suits at \$13

most remarkably priced
Extra Knickers included. Exclusive Saks models, developed in fabrics selected because of their unusual wearing qualities. Sizes 7 to 18.

Boys' School Suits Special at \$11

Smart fancy mixture suits, tailored for service by craftsmen who are specialists in fine clothes for boys. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Boys' Trench and Navy Coats, Saturday Special at \$5.75

Remarkable values. Tailored in a variety of novelty overcoatings and All-Wool Navy Blue Serge. Sizes 2 1/2 to 8 years.

Easter Frocks for Misses —of figured Silk Foulard Very Special at \$19.50



Three very charming models—youthful and full of originality, offered at this remarkable price because of an important purchase. One is in coat effect, another has three-tier skirt, and the third is in draped tunic model with surplice waist. Colors: French Blue, Rose, Navy Blue, Beige and Black, in combination with white. Sizes 14 to 18 years. Three models illustrated.

Misses' Smart Spring Suits Saturday, Special at \$39.50

Tailored, sports, and Braid-trimmed suits—the very newest models for misses by leading designers of smart fashions for the younger set. Beautifully developed in

Silvertone, heavy or light weight Wool Jersey, Fine Serges, Imported Tweeds, Checks and Poirer Twill

in the very modish colors of Serpent Green, Chinchilla, Rookie, Military Blue, Pekin, Beige, Navy Blue, and Black. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

A Special Easter Presentation of Misses' Spring Coats at \$39.50

A most unusual showing of coats in very new models, displaying new belt features, novelty stitching, and individual treatments in collars. Fashioned of Army Cloth, Heather Mixtures, Gabardine, Serge, Silvertone and Velour in

Chinchilla, Rose, Pekin, Green, Beige, Rookie, Navy Blue, Black

Easter Hats for Girls and Misses, \$3

A new collection of youthful modes in the very newest and most beautiful shapes. Made of fine Milan braids in all wanted colorings. Ages 6 to 16 years.



Unusual Values Today in

Women's Dressy and Sports Skirts in models delightfully individual

At \$8.75—New silk and Wool skirts in a wide range of becoming models, fashioned of Silk Poplin, Wool Plaids, Striped materials, Taffeta, Men's Wear Serge and Wool Poplin.

At \$12.75

Eight new models in skirts for every occasion—pleated effects, developed in a wide range of new materials. All fashionable colors.

At \$14.75

High grade sports and dressy skirts in exclusive Saks styles, tailored in Wool Velour Plaids and Stripes, Silk Faille, Satin and Plaid silks. All colors.

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE

Trenches or Drenches makes no difference to an Aquascutum fabric—it has the Anglo-Saxon rough-and-tumble quality—and Piccadilly or Plaza makes no difference to Aquascutum models—they are at home anywhere—lightweight, showerproof, rather swagger, and not expensive.

Men's Aquascutum Topcoats, \$25 to \$45
A Real Man's Topcoat

No reduction in quality No increase in price

Exclusive New York Distributors

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